BDA calls on new government to fix dentistry system

By DTI

London: The British Dental Association (BDA) has said that it will work with the new Conservative cabinet and members of parliament towards a better contract for dentistry in the UK. Remarking on last month’s general election results, Chief Executive Peter Ward pledged his organisation will continue to fight for better recognition of dentists and distribution of funding for the profession under the new government.

“Healthcare was a central battle-ground between all of the parties in this election and I am sure you will all be interested what share of the £8 billion, promised by the Conservatives to the NHS, will be spent on provision of dentistry.” Ward said during a special session at the British Dental Conference and Exhibition in Manchester.

Ward criticised that while all parties acknowledged the importance of dental care for the overall health system, little was actually mentioned in the party manifestos except for those of the Green Party and Plaid Cymru.

Ward said that the BDA will be reaching out to the government’s new health cabinet, as well as re-elected and new MPs, as soon as possible to follow up on critical issues, such as regulation.

“The small majority means that every MP will have a stronger position to influence Parliament, so engaging with them will be all the more useful.”

Doctors, nurses and midwives do wonderful work, but so too do dentists across the UK. With a political agenda that seeks to tackle the challenges of diet, alcohol, sugar and tobacco, it is clear that dentists have a role to play in a government strategy of prevention and integration in healthcare; he emphasised.

London: According to the QS World University Rankings by Subject 2015, Swedish dental schools are among the best in the world. With the Karolinska Institute leading the list of top dental schools and the University of Gothenburg following closely in third place, the country currently claims two of the world’s best three dentistry faculties.

In second position, the University of Hong Kong is located in the midst of the Swedish leaders. The list of top ten dentistry schools further includes the University of Michigan in the US at number four, KU Leuven in Belgium in fifth place and the Tokyo Medical and Dental University in Japan ranked sixth.

The full QS World University Rankings 2015, as well as the rankings by subject, can be accessed at www.topuniversities.com.
Military dentist follows
Cockcroft as Chief Dental Officer

By DTI

LONDON: After two months of searching, the National Health Service (NHS) has recently appointed Sara Hurley from the Royal Centre for Defence Medicine in Birmingham as new Chief Dental Officer (CDO) for England. She is the second woman to occupy the government advisory post after Dame Margaret Seward became CDO in 2000.

Hurley follows Dr Barry Cockcroft, who retired in February after holding the position for almost a decade. She received her bachelor’s degree from the University of Bristol and holds an MSc in Dental Public Health from University College London, as well as a King’s College London MA in Defence Studies.

Appointed as a Queen’s Honorary Dental Surgeon last year, she has also served as Chief Dental Officer for the Royal Army, among other posts. In her recent position at Queen Elizabeth Hospital Birmingham, she has worked with the NHS to assure access to and quality of health care for injured military personnel. In her new role, Hurley will work in partnership with other directors, domain leads and other clinical leaders in regional and local area teams to improve outcomes for patients, and champion the role of dentists and dentistry within the health system, the NHS said in a note.

Hurley commented that as CDO she will be working collaboratively across the breadth of the dental health care profession to develop ideas that will contribute to achieving quality health outcomes and better oral health for all.

Several dental associations in the UK have responded positively to the appointment. "This is the time for new beginnings, fresh eyes and renewed relationships, and we intend to approach her appointment in that spirit," Chair of the British Dental Association’s Principal Executive Committee Mick Armstrong said. "Building an effective working relationship is in the best interests of our patients and our profession, and genuine engagement will be reciprocated."

"In a country where marked inequalities in children’s oral health persist, we look forward to working with her on the long overdue care pathway for children’s dentistry. Our commissioning groups are ready and waiting to progress this vital piece of work," British Society of Paediatric Dentistry spokesperson Claire Stevens commented. "We are looking forward to a long and productive working relationship with Sara."

New initiative aims to improve oral health of care home residents

By DTI

LONDON: Several studies have found that the oral health of care home residents is often poor and that in many cases carers have not received specific training to help residents with their daily oral hygiene routine. This problem is now being tackled in a new British Dental Industry Association (BDIA) initiative stated.

Several studies have found that in many cases carers have not received specific training to help residents with their daily oral hygiene routine. This problem is now being tackled in a new British Dental Industry Association (BDIA) initiative.

In order to implement its measures, the initiative builds on research into the experiences of older patients and their carers by Dr Paul Newton, a research fellow at the Centre for Positive Ageing. Newton is an expert in patient empowerment and the management of chronic conditions. His work for the initiative has led to new training methods and information for carers of people living with dementia.

"Research about identifying and managing dental pain and oral health problems for people living with dementia was lacking—both in the literature and in previous initiatives," Newton said. "We have worked closely with the Older People’s Initiative to make sure the oral health needs of this vulnerable group are addressed."

Problems with teeth, gums and dentures can significantly affect the overall well-being of an older person and his or her quality of life. There is a range of oral health challenges for elderly people, including loosening teeth, dry mouth and difficulty with eating and swallowing. These problems can lead to poor nutrition, low self-esteem, social isolation and the exacerbation of other conditions, such as diabetes and cardiovascular disease.

Health Education Kent, Surrey and Sussex is a local education and training board, authorised as a sub-committee of Health Education England. It was established in April 2013, when it took on the functions of the old Kent, Surrey and Sussex Deanery, and aims to ensure that health care providers across the region have suitable staff with the necessary skills.

The Centre for Positive Ageing, based in the Faculty of Education and Health, brings together 12 research clusters from across the university. It aims to understand and develop solutions to the problems facing individuals, like chronic pain and dementia, as well as those confronting society, like chronic pain and dementia, as well as those confronting society, like chronic pain and dementia, as well as those confronting society, like chronic pain and dementia.
Periodontitis linked to heart attacks in kidney disease patients

By DTI

BIRMINGHAM: Over 10 per cent of the adult population suffers from chronic kidney disease (CKD) and those affected often have poor health outcomes owing to an increased incidence of cardiovascular disease compared with the general population. A team of researchers at the University of Birmingham recently found that treating a common gingival disease could help develop a simple test in kidney disease patients

The latest research at the university suggests that increased mortality in people with CKD may be linked with chronic inflammatory conditions such as periodontitis, which causes gingival inflammation, loss of the bone that supports the teeth and ultimately tooth loss.

Previous studies have found that more than 85 per cent of people with CKD have inflammatory gingival problems, caused by inadequate removal of dental plaque from between the tooth and gingival margin and made worse by impaired immunity and wound healing. Experts have identified that bacteria in the mouth can enter the bloodstream through periodontal conditions, causing blood cells to malfunction and leading to clots and narrowing of the arteries.

Dr Indrakshi Dias of Aston’s School of Life and Health Sciences is currently leading a study into the underlying causes of increased cardiovascular disease and outcomes of accelerated progression observed in people with CKD and periodontitis. She will observe how successfully treating periodontitis reduces oxidised lipids and inflammatory cell activity in people with CKD, thereby lowering their risk of life-threatening heart disease.

The study will involve 80 people, including healthy volunteers and 60 people with CKD, both with and without periodontitis. Among those will be a group of 20 people with CKD and periodontitis who will be randomised to have the gingival condition clinically treated over a 12-month period. They will be reviewed at three-monthly intervals to assess markers of cardiovascular disease, such as oxidative stress biomarkers in the blood and arterial stiffness.

The project is part of a collaboration between Dias and Prof. Helen Griffiths of Aston’s School of Life and Health Sciences, Prof. Iain Chapple, Head of Periodontology at the University of Birmingham, and Prof. Paul Cockwell, consultant nephrologist at University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust.
“Holding ConsEuro in London was a little bit of a risk”

An interview with Prof. Stephen Dunne, King’s College London Dental Institute

As one of many dental organisations to do so, the European Federation of Conservative Dentistry (EFCD) chose to hold its international congress in the UK this year. Dental Tribune UK sat down with EFCD President and King’s College London professor Stephen Dunne in London to discuss the event and how technology is increasingly shaping the field of dentistry.

Dental Tribune UK: Prof. Dunne, the ConsEuro conference in London was a little bit of a risk because with all the other conferences to be going on this year in the capital and other parts of Britain there could be an overload. We actually spent months discussing a window in which we could attract the highest number of delegates. With 500 and growing so far, the congress has clearly exceeded our expectations and, while previous congresses in Italy or Turkey might have had a bigger turnout, the congress here has attracted delegates from 29 countries, including from Australia, the US and the Middle East. It is probably one of the most multinational conferences we have ever had.

You were originally planning for 350-450 participants. Can the outcome mainly be attributed to the London factor?

When I first joined the EFCD about ten years ago, there was very much an effort to compete with the International Association for Dental Research, so it was very focused on academic and researchers from the universities. My view is that this was a mistake, as we really need to provide a conference that has interest across the board, so it must have academic content of excellence to attract researchers and teachers, as well as clinical content suitable for clinicians to provide evidence-based knowledge for the work that they do. Therefore, for every session that we have this year here at ConsEuro 2015, we have an evidence-based start, followed by clinical applications and hands-on sessions after lunch-time that help practitioners get to grips with equipment they heard about and want to have a chance to play with. That is very attractive to clinicians and you can see a great deal of interest there.

The conference here has attracted delegates from 29 countries, including from Australia, the US and the Middle East. It is probably one of the most multinational conferences we have ever had.

Almost every dental practice across the world now employs some form of technology...

Technology has clearly expanded the scope of this conference. Does this also apply to clinical practice?

Historically, dentists have been trained by representatives of the companies that make the mater-